US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

REFERENCE DOSES (RFDs) FOR ORAL EXPOSURE

Chemical: Propazine

CAS #: 139-40-2 Caswell #: 184

Carcinogenicity: Preliminary evidence of oncogenicity in female rats (increased

incidence of mammory tumors) is under review.

Systemic Toxicity: See below.

Preparation Date: 6/27/86

| Endpoint | Experimental Doses | UF | MF | R£D |
|---|--|-----|----|-----------------|
| *************************************** | | | | |
| IRDC (1980) | 100 ppm (5 mg/kg/day) Systemic NOEL | 100 | 10 | 0.005 mg/kg/day |
| 2-Year Rat Feeding/ Oncogenicity Study | • | | | |
| | 1000 ppm (50 mg/kg/day) | | | |
| decrease in body weight | Systemic LEL | - | | |

Conversion factor (rat): 1 ppm = 0.05 mg/kg/day

Endpoint and Experimental Doses:

2-Year Rat Feeding/Oncogenicity Study IRDC

Report No. 382-007; April 28, 1980

Two hundred and sixty males and 260 female CD rats were selected randomly and given 0, 3, 100, and 1000 ppm of propazine in their diets for 2 years. At 1000 ppm there was a significant decrease in body weight in both sexes. There was an significant increase in mammary tumors in females at 1000 ppm. The NOEL for Systemic effects is 100 ppm (5 mg/kg/day).

| Uncertainty Factors (UFs): |
|---|
| Based on a chronic exposure study, an uncertainty factor of 100 was used to account for the inter- and intraspecies differences. |
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| Modifying Factors (MFs): |
| An additional MF of 10 was used to account for the fact that the data base on chronic toxicity is incomplete and a chronic feeding study in the dog may yield a more sensitive toxicological endpoint. |
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| Additional Comments: |
| Data Considered for Establishing the RfD |
| 2-Year Feeding/Oncogenic - Rat (NOEL = 100 ppm (5 mg/kg/day), LEL = 1000 ppm (50 mg/kg/day)(decreased body weight); Oncogenic NOEL = 100 ppm, Oncogenic LEL = 1000 ppm (increase in mammary tumors); minimum) |
| 2) 3-Generation Reproduction - Rat (NOEL = 5 mg/kg, LEL = 50 mg/kg; reduced mean pup body weight; minimum) |
| 3) Teratology - Rat (Fetotoxic NOEL = 100 mg/kg, Fetotoxic LEL = 300 mg/kg; Maternal toxic NOEL = 100 mg/kg, Maternal toxic LEL = 300 mg/kg; supplementary) |
| 4) 90-Day Feeding - Dog (NOEL = 200 ppm (5 mg/kg/day), LEL = 1000 ppm (HDT)(25 mg/kg/day)(decreased body weight); no core grade) |
| |
| Data Gap(s) |
| 1) Chronic Dog Feeding Study 2) Rat Teratology Study 3) Rabbit Teratology Study |
| Other Data Considered |
| 2-Year Feeding/Oncogenic - Mice (NOEL = 15 mg/kg; LEL = 450 mg/kg; increased focal myocardial fibrosis and focal myocardial degeneration; negative for oncogenicity up to 450 mg/kg; minimum) |

Confidence in the RfD:

Study: Medium

Data Base: Medium

RfD: Medium

The critical study appears to be of fair quality and is given a medium confidence rating. Additional studies are supportive but since there are data gaps existing the RfD is given a medium confidence rating.

Documentation of RfD and Review:

Registration Files

Agency RfD Review:

U.S. EPA Contact:

First Review: 8/19/86

Primary: William Dykstra FTS 557-7491

Secondary: George Ghali FTS 557-4382

Second Review: 9/29/86

Verification Date: 8/29/86